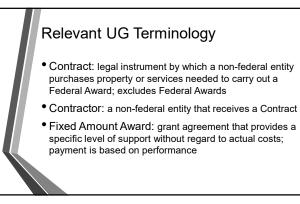
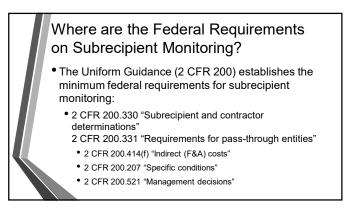


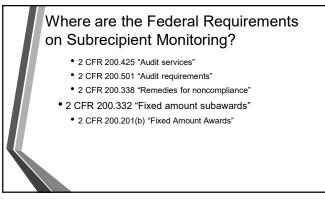
- Subrecipient Monitoring is the process by which a non-federal entity identifies a potential collaborator under a Federal Award and
 - determines the suitability of the collaborator to receive a Subaward
 - monitors the collaborator's progress during the Subaward, and
 - ensures that the collaborator has fulfilled its obligations under the Subaward

Relevant UG Terminology

- Federal Award: financial assistance award or costreimbursement contract issued to a non-federal entity, either by a federal agency or by a Pass-through Entity
- Pass-through Entity: non-federal entity that issues a Federal Award to another non-federal entity
- Subaward: Federal Award provided by a Pass-through Entity to a Subrecipient to carry out a part of the SOW of a Federal Award







Subrecipient and contractor determinations (2 CFR 200.330)

- Describes the characteristics of a Subaward and of a Contract
- Establishes a requirement for the non-federal entity to make a determination for each Subaward or Contract it issues that the transaction is properly categorized.

7

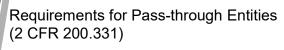
Requirements for Pass-through Entities (2 CFR 200.331)

- Every Subaward must be clearly identified as a Subaward and include specified data elements
- Must flow down terms and conditions of the highertier Federal Award
- May add additional terms and conditions, as appropriate
- Must perform a risk assessment of the Subrecipient's ability to carry out the Subaward

8

Requirements for Pass-through Entities (2 CFR 200.331)

- May impose specific conditions for higher-risk Subrecipients
- Must monitor performance to ensure the Subaward is used for authorized purposes
- 200.331 suggests possible management approaches the Pass-through Entity can use for higher-risk Subrecipients

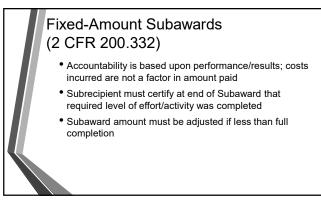


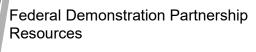
- Must verify that every Subrecipient is audited as required by the UG
- Must evaluate the results of the Subrecipient's audits to determine whether adjustments are necessary
- Consider taking enforcement action against noncompliant Subrecipients

Fixed-Amount Subawards (2 CFR 200.332)

- Requires prior approval from the federal agency
- A Fixed Amount Subaward may not exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (currently \$250,000)
- Minimum requirements (2 CFR 200.207)
 - Amount negotiated must be reasonable and based upon applicable cost principles
 - Payments must be based on meeting specific requirements of the Federal Award

11





- Subaward Templates based on UG requirements, with attachments customized for particular federal agencies
- FDP Risk Assessment Questionnaire assist in conducting risk assessments
- FDP Expanded Clearinghouse online entity profiles, certified annually by each participating entity for completeness; assists Pass-through Entities in issuing Subawards

